



EUROPEAN MEDICINES AGENCY
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Committee for Medicinal Products for Human Use (CHMP)

Apixaban film-coated tablet 2.5 and 5 mg product-specific bioequivalence guidance

Draft Agreed by Pharmacokinetics Working Party (PKWP)	April 2018
Adopted by CHMP for release for consultation	31 May 2018
Start of public consultation	27 June 2018
End of consultation (deadline for comments)	30 September 2018
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Keywords	<i>Bioequivalence, generics, apixaban</i>
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Disclaimer:

This guidance should not be understood as being legally enforceable and is without prejudice to the need to ensure that the data submitted in support of a marketing authorisation application complies with the appropriate scientific, regulatory and legal requirements.

Requirements for bioequivalence demonstration (PKWP)*

<p>BCS Classification**</p>	<p>BCS Class: <input type="checkbox"/> I <input type="checkbox"/> III <input type="checkbox"/> Neither of the two</p> <p>Background: Apixaban is a compound with incomplete absorption, but the available data on solubility does not allow its BCS classification. If the applicant generates the solubility data and classifies the drug according to the BCS criteria as highly soluble, apixaban could be classified as BCS class III drug and a BCS-based biowaiver could be applicable.</p>
<p>Bioequivalence study design</p> <p><i>in case a BCS biowaiver is not feasible or applied</i></p>	<p>single dose</p> <p>cross-over</p>
	<p>healthy volunteers</p>
	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> fasting <input type="checkbox"/> fed <input type="checkbox"/> both <input type="checkbox"/> either fasting or fed</p>
	<p>Strength: 5 mg</p>

	<p>Background: Apixaban shows linear pharmacokinetics in dose range 2.5 - 10 mg. If it can be demonstrated that apixaban is highly soluble, in principle any strength may be used.</p>
	<p>Number of studies: One single dose study.</p>
Analyte	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> parent <input type="checkbox"/> metabolite <input type="checkbox"/> both
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> plasma/serum <input type="checkbox"/> blood <input type="checkbox"/> urine
	<p>Enantioselective analytical method: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> no</p>
Bioequivalence assessment	<p>Main pharmacokinetic variables: AUC_{0-t} and C_{max}</p>
	<p>90% confidence interval: 80.00 – 125.00%</p>

* As intra-subject variability of the reference product has not been reviewed to elaborate this product-specific bioequivalence guideline, it is not possible to recommend at this stage the use of a replicate design to demonstrate high intra-subject variability and widen the acceptance range of C_{max}. If high intra-individual variability (CV_{intra} > 30 %) is expected, the applicants might follow respective guideline recommendations.

** This tentative BCS classification of the drug substance serves to define whether *in vivo* studies seems to be mandatory (BCS class II and IV) or, on the contrary (BCS Class I and III), the Applicant may choose between two options: *in vivo* approach or *in vitro* approach based on a BCS biowaiver. In this latter case, the BCS classification of the drug substance should be confirmed by the Applicant at the time of submission based on available data (solubility experiments, literature, etc.). However, a BCS-based biowaiver might not be feasible due to product specific characteristics despite the drug substance being BCS class I or III (e.g. *in vitro* dissolution being less than 85 % within 15 min (BCS class III) or 30 min (BCS class I) either for test or reference, or unacceptable differences in the excipient composition).