

PART VI: SUMMARY OF THE RISK MANAGEMENT PLAN BY PRODUCT

Summary of Risk Management Plan for Voxzogo (vosoritide)

This is a summary of the RMP for Voxzogo. The RMP details important risks of Voxzogo, how these risks can be minimised, and how more information will be obtained about Voxzogo's risks and uncertainties (missing information).

Voxzogo's SmPC and its package leaflet give essential information to healthcare professionals and patients on how Voxzogo should be used.

This summary of the RMP for Voxzogo should be read in the context of all this information including the assessment report of the evaluation and its plain-language summary, all which is part of the European Public Assessment Report (EPAR).

Important new concerns or changes to the current ones will be included in updates of Voxzogo's RMP.

I. The medicine and what it is used for

Voxzogo is indicated for the treatment of achondroplasia in patients 2 years of age and older whose epiphyses are not closed (see SmPC for the full indication). It contains vosoritide as the active substance and it is given by daily subcutaneous injection.

Further information about the evaluation of Voxzogo's benefits can be found in Voxzogo's EPAR, including in its plain-language summary, available on the EMA website, under the medicine's webpage

<https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/medicines/human/EPAR/voxzogo>

II. Risks associated with the medicine and activities to minimise or further characterise the risks

Important risks of Voxzogo, together with measures to minimise such risks and the proposed studies for learning more about Voxzogo's risks, are outlined below.

- Measures to minimise the risks identified for medicinal products can be:
- Specific information, such as warnings, precautions, and advice on correct use, in the package leaflet and SmPC addressed to patients and healthcare professionals;
- Important advice on the medicine's packaging;
- The authorised pack size — the amount of medicine in a pack is chosen so to ensure that the medicine is used correctly;
- The medicine's legal status — the way a medicine is supplied to the patient (e.g. with or without prescription) can help to minimise its risks.

Together, these measures constitute *routine risk minimisation* measures.

In addition to these measures, information about adverse reactions is collected continuously and regularly analysed, including PSUR assessment so that immediate

action can be taken as necessary. These measures constitute *routine pharmacovigilance activities*.

If important information that may affect the safe use of Voxzogo is not yet available, it is listed under ‘missing information’ below.

II.A. List of important risks and missing information

Important risks of Voxzogo are risks that need special risk management activities to further investigate or minimise the risk, so that the medicinal product can be safely administered. Important risks can be regarded as identified or potential. Identified risks are concerns for which there is sufficient proof of a link with the use of Voxzogo. Potential risks are concerns for which an association with the use of this medicine is possible based on available data, but this association has not been established yet and needs further evaluation. Missing information refers to information on the safety of the medicinal product that is currently missing and needs to be collected (e.g. on the longterm use of the medicine);

| List of Important Risks and Missing Information | |
|--|--|
| Important Identified Risks | None |
| Important Potential Risks | None |
| Missing Information | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Long-term safety including skeletal effects as impaired function of extremities and joints and immunogenic potential • Use in pregnancy • Use in patients 2 to 5 years old |

II.B. Summary of important risks

| Missing Information: Long-term safety including skeletal effects as impaired function of extremities and joints and immunogenic potential | |
|--|---|
| Risk minimisation measures | <p><u>Routine risk minimisation measures:</u> Prescription only medicine: Voxzogo should be initiated and directed by a physician appropriately qualified in the management of growth disorders or skeletal dysplasias.</p> <p><u>Additional risk minimisation measures:</u> None</p> |
| Additional pharmacovigilance activities | <p><u>Additional pharmacovigilance activities:</u> Ongoing clinical studies 111-205, 111-208, 111-302, and planned PASS Study 111-603.</p> |

| Missing information: Use in pregnancy | |
|--|--|
| Risk minimisation measures | <p><u>Routine risk minimisation measures:</u> SmPC Sections: 4.6, 5.3 PL Sections: 2 Prescription only medicine: Voxzogo should be initiated and directed by a physician appropriately qualified in the management of growth disorders or skeletal dysplasias.</p> <p><u>Additional risk minimisation measures:</u> None</p> |
| Additional pharmacovigilance activities | <p><u>Additional pharmacovigilance activities:</u> None</p> |

| Missing information: Use in patients 2 to 5 years old | |
|--|---|
| Risk minimisation measures | <p><u>Routine risk minimisation measures:</u> SmPC Sections: 4.8, 5.1 PL Sections: None Prescription only medicine: Voxzogo should be initiated and directed by a physician appropriately qualified in the management of growth disorders or skeletal dysplasias.</p> <p><u>Additional risk minimisation measures:</u> None</p> |
| Additional pharmacovigilance activities | <p><u>Additional pharmacovigilance activities:</u> Ongoing clinical study 111-208 and planned PASS Study 111-603.</p> |

II.C. Post-authorisation development plan

II.C.1 Studies which are conditions of the marketing authorisation

| Study Short Name | Purpose of the study |
|-------------------------|---|
| 111-206 | To assess safety and efficacy in children aged 0 to < 60 months |

II.C.2 Other studies in post-authorisation development plan

| Study Short Name | Purpose of the study |
|-------------------------|---|
| 111-205 | To assess long-term safety and efficacy |
| 111-208 | To assess long-term safety and efficacy |
| 111-302 | To assess long-term safety and efficacy |
| 111-603 | To evaluate long-term safety in patients with ACH treated with vosoritide |