

# Update on the revision of the new package leaflet (PL) template

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## Regulatory background

- Directive 2001/83/EC, as amended:
  - The **inclusion** in the packaging of all medicinal products of a **package leaflet** shall be **obligatory**. (art 58)
  - The PL must be written and designed to be **clear and understandable**, enabling the users **to act appropriately**, when necessary with the help of health professionals. (art 63.2)
  - The PL must be clearly **legible in the official language or languages of the MS** in which the medicinal product is placed on the market. (art 63.2)

## Regulatory background (cont.)

- The PL shall reflect the results of consultations with target
  patient groups to ensure that it is legible, clear and easy to use.
  (art 59.3)
- The **results of assessments** carried out in cooperation with target patient groups **shall also be provided to the CA**. (art 61.1)



## QRD package leaflet template

- QRD PL template (annotated) created by the EMA
  - Based on EC Directive 2001
  - Based on EC Guideline on readability and model leaflet
  - QRD Guidance (harmonised lay-out, headings...)
  - A 'translation' of the summary of product characteristics in lay and meaningful language
- 24 clean templates translated by the MSs
  - Translations constantly reviewed by EMA and Member States



#### Need to improve the PL template

- Based on 5 years experience with "user testing" (e.g. introduce more flexibility to the template by reducing the number of standards statements and enhancing the existing guidance, modify/improve existing headings 'notoriously' creating problems)
- Based on feedback received in various forms and through various sources justified the need to improve the QRD template
- Introduction of the concept of benefit (based on the report on benefit-risk of medicines carried out by the European Medicines Agency )
- New requirements related to paediatric information



## Summary of changes into the new version of the PL template

- Flexibility has been increased
- More patient-friendly elements introduced
- Side effects section has been improved
- Introduction of section on benefits
- Introduction of section on other sources of information



#### PL structure and contents

#### Introduction

- Identification of the medicinal product:
  - name, strength and pharmaceutical form
- General recommendations regarding the leaflet
  - one set for prescription only medicines and 1 for OTCs
- Package leaflet index

#### 1. What X is and what it is used for

- Identification of the medicinal product:
  - pharmacotherapeutic group
  - therapeutic indications
  - Info on benefits

- 2. What you need to know before you <take> <use> X
  - Information needed before taking the product:
    - contraindications + warnings and precautions for use
    - children and adolescents
    - other medicines and X
    - X with food, drink or alcohol
    - special warnings (pregnancy, breastfeeding, driving and using machines) and excipients warnings, if applicable

- 3. How to <take> <use> X
  - Instructions for proper use:
    - dosage + method and/or route(s) of administration
    - use in children and teenagers
    - frequency of administration + duration of treatment
    - overdose and/or missing a dose
    - withdrawal effects, if applicable

#### 4. Possible side effects

- Most serious side effects to be listed first with clear instructions on what action to take. Most frequent side effects to follow
- The remainder should be presented on the basis of frequency of occurrence

#### 5. How to store X

- Storage conditions and expiry date
  - warning against using the product after the expiry date
  - shelf life after reconstitution, if applicable
  - warnings against visible signs of deterioration, if appropriate

- 6. Contents of the pack and other information
  - What X contains
    - Full qualitative and quantitative composition of active substance and excipients
  - What X looks like and contents of the pack
    - Pharmaceutical form, physical description, pack sizes
  - Marketing Authorisation Holder (MAH) & Manufacturer
  - List of local representatives (all or none)
  - Date on which the PL was approved
  - Information for medical or healthcare professionals, if appropriate
  - Section on other sources of information (inclusion of product related website for OTC products)

#### User testing:

#### Reference documents

 EC Guideline on the readability of the label and package leaflet (2009) → to provide applicants with useful advise on the main factors which influence readability

(http://ec.europa.eu/health/files/eudralex/vol-2/c/2009\_01\_12\_readability\_guideline\_final\_en.pdf).



## User testing: **EMA approach to user testing**

- Demonstrate that patients can locate information in the package leaflet, understand it and know how to act upon it
- Mandatory, and part of the scientific assessment
- Detailed guidance has been developed to aid assessors
- Any post-authorisation procedure with significant impact on the package leaflet 

  can trigger user testing



## Patients' contribution to QRD review Example of relevant comment received

#### Take special care with X

- X does not reduce the risk of passing HIV to others.
- Request to "remove statement as research shows that antiretroviral therapy does reduce the risk of infection"
- Comment accepted by Rapporteur and passed on to the company
- · Applicant accepted to implement comment
- Broader consideration: the revision of this general statement in the PL of X should also apply to the PL of other antiretroviral agents

## Current status/future steps

- Translation exercise almost completed
- In selected languages external parties were involved in the review
- Meeting with industry associations on 28/02 to agree on implementation plan
- Possible publication date end of April 2011
- New Pharmacovilance legislation to be considered for future changes

## THANK YOU! Any questions?