THE EUROPEAN DIRECTORATE FOR THE QUALITY OF MEDICINES & HEALTHCARE (EDQM)





Supply Chain Management and Surveillance

Introduction

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Lessons learnt exercise – Amsterdam 4/11/2019



Sampling and testing by OMCLs

- EDQM is coordinating the General European OMCL Network
- Official Medicines Control Laboratories (OMCLs) are public institutions which test medicinal products independently from manufacturers (no conflicts of interest, guarantee of impartiality, respecting confidentiality)
- The network comprises OMCLs from countries that are members or observers of Ph.Eur. Convention.



Sampling and testing in the OMCL Network

EDQM activities

- Coordinated Sartan testing group of 13 OMCLs
- Supported method development and validation
- Sourced contaminated material for validation
- Developed a common format for communication of sampling plans and testing results
- Developed a risk-oriented sampling plan in discussion with EMA, NCAs, inspectorates and a CMDh representative
- Exercise initially focused on detection of NDMA, NDEA or both, in APIs and/or drug products





Sampling and testing in the OMCL Network (2)

Testing purposes:

- ➤ Confirm levels of NDMA in contaminated products, already recalled (Art. 31 referral request, verification of MAH results, confirm patient exposure)
- ➤ Market surveillance of products and APIs
- ➤ Market surveillance of other sartans than valsartan
- ➤ Analysis of samples from GMP inspections

Later

- Testing was extended to other N-Nitrosamines (DIPINA, EIPNA, NDBA, NMBA) in the sartans
- Testing was extended to other APIs manufactured at concerned sites



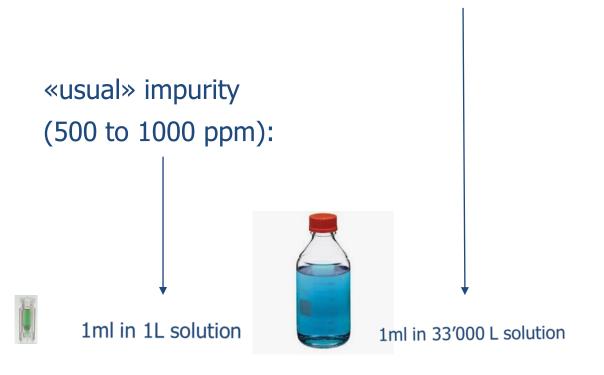
Sampling and testing - Challenges

- Increased demand for analytical capacity
- Availability of suitable equipment
- Availability of validated methods
- Availability of reference standards
- Setting priorities and coordination of sampling and testing
- Access to samples (fragmented supply chain, in particular when produced outside EU)
- Overview of which API source was used for manufacture of a given batch of medicinal product



Analytical challenges: ppm-ppb

nitrosamine (0.03 ppm = 30 ppb):





Analytical methods used

	DE_BW CVUA	IE_PAL PALG	CH_Swissmedic	DE_BY LGL	DE_BY LGL	FR_ANSM
Analytical technique	LC-MS/MS	GC-MS (HS)	GC-MS (liquid DI) limit test	GC-MS (DI)	LC-MS/MS	HPLC-UV
Analytes(s)	NDMA, NDEA	NDMA, NDEA	NDMA, NDEA	NDMA, NDEA	NDMA, NDEA	NDMA, NDEA
Sample (DS and/or DP)	DS and DP	DS and DP	DS and DP	DS	DS and DP	DS and DP

Methods published on EDQM website:

https://www.edqm.eu/en/ad-hoc-projects-omcl-network



LOQs for NDMA

	DE_BW CVUA LC-MS/MS (DP)	CH_Swissmedic GC-MS (liquid DI) limit test (DS and DP)	DE_BY LGL GC-MS (DI) (DS)	DE_BY LGL LC-MS/MS (DS and DP)	FR_ANSM HPLC-UV (DS)	Health Canada GC-MS/MS (DI)
Valsartan limit: 0.300 ppm / day	0.10 ppm	0.03 ppm	0.10 ppm	0.236 ppm	0.04 ppm	0.005 ppm (DS and DP)
Irbesartan limit: 0.320 ppm / day	0.10 ppm	0.03 ppm	0.10 ppm	0.079 ppm	0.04 ppm	0.005 ppm (DS and DP)
Losartan limit: 0.640 ppm / day	0.10 ppm	0.03 ppm	0.10 ppm	0.492 ppm	0.05 ppm	0.005 ppm (DS and DP)
Candesartan limit: 3.000 ppm / day	0.10 ppm	0.03 ppm	0.10 ppm	-	0.25 ppm	0.005 ppm (DS)
Olmesartan limit: 2.400 ppm / day	0.10 ppm	0.03 ppm	0.10 ppm	-	0.25 ppm	0.005 ppm (DS)

HS: Head Space; DI: Direct Injection; DP: Drug Product; DS: Drug Substance

In green: suitable sensitivity
In black: borderline sensitivity
In red: insufficient sensitivity



LOQs for NDEA

	DE_BW CVUA LC-MS/MS (DP)	CH_Swissmedic GC-MS (liquid DI) limit test (DS and DP)	DE_BY LGL GC-MS (DI) (DS)	DE_BY LGL LC-MS/MS (DS and DP)	FR_ANSM HPLC-UV (DS)	Health Canada GC-MS/MS (DI)
Valsartan limit: 0.082 ppm / day	0.04 ppm	0.03 ppm	0.08 ppm	0.061 ppm	0.08 ppm	0.007 ppm (DS and DP)
Irbesartan limit: 0.088 ppm / day	0.04 ppm	0.03 ppm	0.08 ppm	0.0195 ppm	0.09 ppm	0.007 ppm (DS and DP)
Losartan limit: 0.177 ppm / day	0.04 ppm	0.03 ppm	0.08 ppm	0.149 ppm	0.10 ppm	0.007 ppm (DS and DP)
Candesartan limit: 0.820 ppm / day	0.04 ppm	0.03 ppm	0.08 ppm	-	0.40 ppm	0.007 ppm (DS)
Olmesartan limit: 0.663 ppm / day	0.04 ppm	0.03 ppm	0.08 ppm	-	0.50 ppm	0.007 ppm (DS)

HS: Head Space; DI: Direct Injection; DP: Drug Product; DS: Drug Substance

In green: suitable sensitivity
In black: borderline sensitivity
In red: insufficient sensitivity



Samples tested by OMCLs

...for NDMA

...for NDEA

	DP	DS
Valsartan	612	141
Losartan	312	16
Olmesartan	313	13
Candesartan	434	10
Irbesartan	260	20
Telmisartan	69	49
Total	2000	249

	DP	DS
Valsartan	246	200
Losartan	188	149
Olmesartan	194	43
Candesartan	204	85
Irbesartan	175	160
Total	1007	637

The testing was carried out by 13 OMCLs



OMCL OOS Findings

NDMA

VALSARTAN	API	DP
Manufacturer A	55	240
Manufacturer B	14	10
Manufacturer C	-	3
Manufacturer D	1	-

NDEA

VALSARTAN	API	DP
Manufacturer E	38	22
Manufacturer F	14	9
Manufacturer A	1	5
LOSARTAN		
Manufacturer G	-	2
Manufacturer A	1	-
Irbesartan		
Manufacturer F	25	28
Manufacturer A	1	1

OMCL testing triggered/supported batch recalls and suspension of CEPs



GMP inspection key findings (1)

API manufacturer:

- The joint assessors/GMP inspectors for cause inspections revealed insufficient knowledge of API process development and the manufacturing process
- Therefore potential impurities were not identified and the impact on the commercial manufacturing was not considered
- Missing link between the pre-GMP activities and the GMP manufacturing environment



GMP inspection key findings (2)

API manufacturer:

- Poor application of GMPs contributed to spreading the impurities
 - ➤ Inadequate follow up of complaints and Out Of Trend results
 - > Problematic solvent recovery procedures
 - ➤ Unsatisfactory cleaning procedures
 - ➤ Cross contamination



GMP inspection key findings (3)

Marketing authorisation holder / Medicinal product manufacturer

 Quality agreement with API manufacturers not adequate to allow them to take their full responsibilities

Thank you for your attention



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