



EUROPEAN MEDICINES AGENCY  
SCIENCE MEDICINES HEALTH

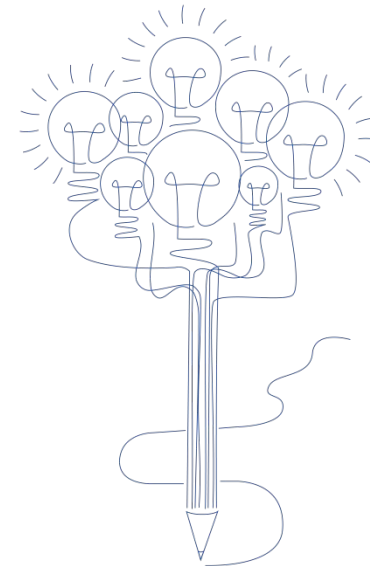
# Driving collaborative evidence generation Improving the scientific quality of evaluations

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EMA's core recommendations

Human Stakeholders Workshop

Presented by Zaide Frias on 24 October 2018  
Head of Division, Human Medicines Evaluation



An agency of the European Union



# Introductory background



Emerging science and digital technology impacts data generation and evaluation:



- large scientific datasets require collaborative stakeholder involvement
- enriches benefit-risk assessment with patient data
- requires improved communication on the science underpinning regulatory output to patients and healthcare professionals



A novel approach and strategy is needed to bring safe and effective innovative medicines faster to patients with a unmet medical needs





# Core recommendations





# Leverage novel non-clinical models and 3Rs



Stimulate developers to use novel pre-clinical models, including those adhering to the 3Rs



Re-focus the role of the 3Rs working group to support method qualification

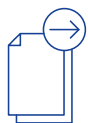


Encourage implementation of IT tools to exploit the added value of SEND for the re-analyses of non-clinical studies to support both clinical trials authorisation (FIM) and risk minimisation across EU





# Foster innovation in clinical trials



Drive adoption of practices that facilitate Clinical Trial Authorisation, GCP and HTA acceptance



Critically assess the clinical value of new and emerging endpoints and their role in facilitating patients' access to new medicines



Work with stakeholders to encourage collaborative clinical trials



Collaborate with international partners in ongoing initiatives such as the Clinical Trial Transformation Initiative.



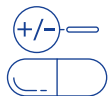
# Develop the regulatory framework for emerging digital clinical data generation



Develop methodology to incorporate clinical care data sources in regulatory decision-making



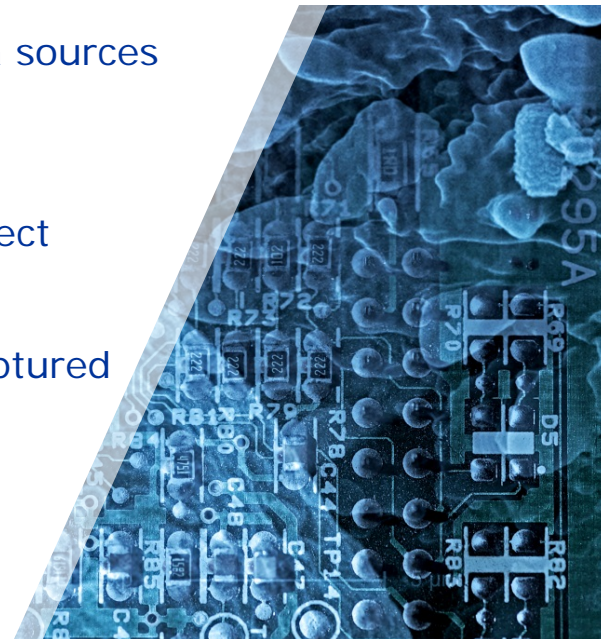
Modernise the GCP regulatory oversight to enable decentralised models of clinical trials coupled with direct digital data accrual



Develop the capability to assess complex datasets captured by technology such as wearables



Facilitate training and understanding of healthcare professionals and patients to access and participate effectively in such trials





# Expand benefit-risk (B/R) assessment and communication



Expand the B/R assessment by incorporating patient preferences

Develop the capability to use Individual Patient Data



Improve communication with HTA and payers re. therapeutic context, comparison vs. placebo/active-control, patient perspective



Apply structured B/R assessment to improve communication to the public



Incorporate academic research into evidence-based benefit-risk communication



# Invest in special populations initiatives



Focus on speedy access for patient (sub-)populations in urgent need



Identify areas of highest unmet needs where clinical care data can supplement clinical trial data



Enhance multi-stakeholder advice in collaboration with patients, HCPs, payers and HTAs



Progress implementation of the paediatric medicines action plan



Progress implementation of the geriatric strategic plan

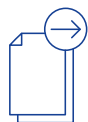
Develop a strategic initiative in maternal-foetal health







# Optimise capabilities in modelling and simulation and extrapolation



Enhance modelling and simulation and extrapolation use across the product lifecycle and leverage the outcome of EU projects



Promote development and international harmonisation of methods and standards via a multi-stakeholder platform



Increase capability and redesign the operations of relevant working parties to ensure wider knowledge exchange





# Exploit digital technology and artificial intelligence in decision-making



Establish a dedicated AI test “laboratory” to explore the application of innovative digital technology to support data-driven decisions across key business processes

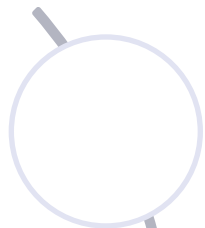


Develop capacity and expertise across the network to engage with digital technology, artificial intelligence, cognitive computing, and its applications in the regulatory system



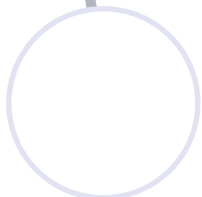


# Summary



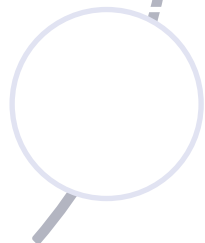
Evolving science & digitalisation bring opportunities for non-clinical, clinical and post-marketing data generation

Novel studies and methodologies to more accurately predict safety and efficacy



Evidence generation and assessment can be enriched with patient input

Evidence-based B-R communication is key to maximise impact of regulatory output



Digitalisation paves the way for large datasets and advanced analytics to support decision-making

EU Network needs to prepare for upcoming scientific challenges and implications (e.g. resources, data protection, cybersecurity)



Kieran Breen, European  
Parkinson's Disease  
Association (EPDA)



Jan Bogaerts, European  
Organisation for Research  
and Treatment of Cancer  
(EORTC)



Giovanni Tafuri,  
EUnetHTA



Mark Hope, EFPIA



Daniel Swerdlow,  
BenevolentAI



Peter van Meer,  
Regulatory Science  
Network NL