

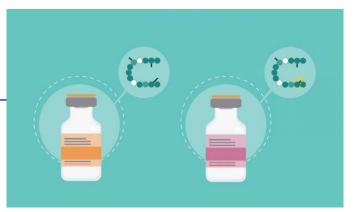


### Stakeholders' perceptions on biosimilars: Surveys to PCOs, HCPs, HMA & Industry

PCWP HCPWP, 2 July 2024

Presented by **Rosa Gonzalez-Quevedo**, Public and Stakeholder Engagement Department, EMA &

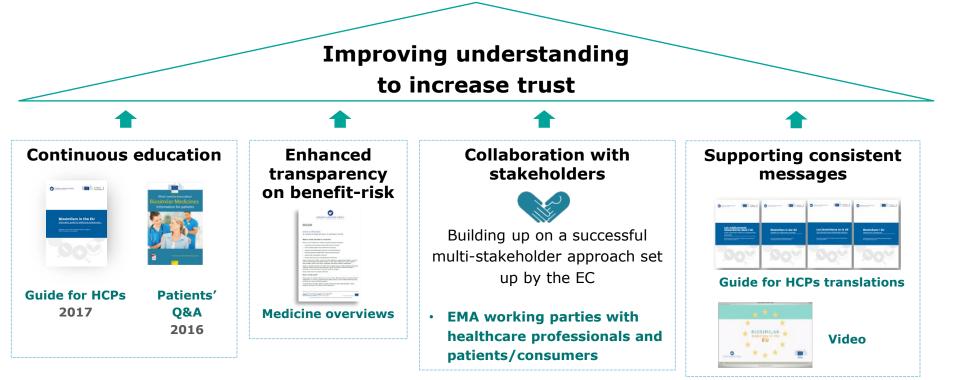
**Diederik de Cock**, Biostatistics and Medical Informatics Research Group, Department of Public Health, Faculty of Medicine and Pharmacy, Vrije Universiteit Brussel







## EU strategy for improving understanding on biosimilars





## Statement on the scientific rationale supporting interchangeability of biosimilar medicines in the EU

#### References:

- Interchangeability of Biosimilars: A European Perspective. Pekka Kurki, Leon van Aerts, Elena Wolff-Holz, Thijs Giezen, Venke Skibeli, Martina Weise. BioDrugs 2017 Apr;31(2):83-91
- Regulatory Information and Guidance on Biosimilars and Their Use Across Europe: A Call for Strengthened One Voice messaging. Liese Barbier, Allary Mbuaki, Steven Simoens, Paul Declerck, Arnold G. Vulto, and Isabelle Huys. Frontiers in Medicine 2022, Vol 9, 820755
- Safety, Immunogenicity and Interchangeability of Biosimilar Monoclonal Antibodies and Fusion Proteins: A Regulatory Perspective. Pekka Kurki, Sean Barry, Ingrid Bourges, Panagiota Tsantili, Elena Wolff-Holz. Drugs 2021 Nov;81(16):1881-1896
- The safety of switching between therapeutic proteins. Ebbers H, Muenzberg M, Schellekens H. Expert Opinion Biol Ther. 2012;12:1473-85
- 5. Biosimilars in the EU Information guide for healthcare professionals (europa.eu)

21 April 2023 EMA/93740/2023 Rev. 1 European Medicines Agency

# Q&A on the Statement on the scientific rationale supporting interchangeability of biosimilar medicines in the EU

eu en.pdf

First published in Jan 2023 and revised in

Apr 2023

Following the publication of <u>the joint EMA-HMA statement on interchangeability of biosimilar medicinal</u> <u>products</u> approved in the EU, both EMA and National Competent Authorities (NCAs) have received questions for clarification from healthcare professionals and other members of the public. This questions and answers (Q&A) document addresses follow-up questions received after publication of the statement.



## Biosimilar toolkit for Member States



- **New modular information pack** on biosimilars targeting healthcare professionals and patients.
- Toolkit available to Member States to support their own communication campaigns – flexibility based on needs
- Including up-to-date EU materials developed to date
- New information elements on:
  - Biosimilar regulatory approval process
  - ✓ Efficacy and safety of biosimilars
  - ✓ Interchangeability
  - ✓ Case studies on uptake of biosimilars resulting in savings





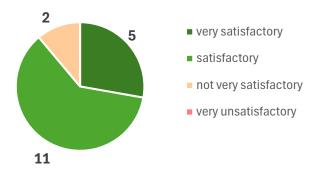
- Review and update of current EMA communication materials on biosimilars.
- Review and progress on translations.
- Survey & Gap analysis:
- Understand perception of biosimilar materials and information needs
- Understand factors impacting biosimilar uptake and possible solutions to bottlenecks





#### > 18 responses (out of 31 agencies contacted)

- Role of the agencies to enhance the uptake of biosimilars:
  - o providing information on biosimilars,
  - participation in the preparation legislative measures (e.g. automatic substitution).
- How satisfactory is the biosimilar situation in your country?



#### • Major obstacles for the uptake of biosimilars:

- o lack of trust on biosimilars among prescribers and/or patients,
- o lack of incentives for the prescribers,
- $\circ$  prescribing policies,
- non-optimal procurement procedures.
- Information gaps on the websites (national or EMA):
  - $\circ~$  comparative efficacy and safety (biosimilar vs originator),
  - info in lay language,
  - up-to-date list of licensed biosimilars.
- Future actions for HMA Biosimilar Working Group:
  - $\circ~$  to provide the TOOL KITs,
  - $\circ$   $\,$  to give recommendation how to use them in national information,
  - $\circ$   $\,$  social media campaigns.

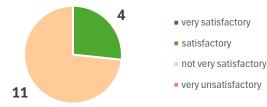
## First interim results of the survey to Industry



#### ▶ 15 responses (10 companies producing biosimilars + 5 producing both originators & biosimilars)

- How companies provide information on biosimilars:
  - Own website;
  - Information campaigns;
  - $\circ$  Meeting prescribers.

#### • How is the uptake of biosimilars by patients?



- Factors are currently inhibiting uptake of biosimilars by patients:
  - Non-optimal procurement procedures;
  - $\circ~$  Lack of experience with biosimilars by HCPs;
  - o Limitations in national health budgets.

# • Factors inhibiting prescription of biosimilars by healthcare professionals:

- $\circ~$  Lack of experience with biosimilars by HCPs;
- Non-optimal procurement procedures;
- Lack of guidelines by clinical societies (national or EU/EEA) on interchangeability/switching/automatic substitution at pharmacy level;
- Lack of trust among healthcare professionals (HCPs).

#### Factors could enhance uptake of biosimilars:

- Support from national authorities;
- Sharing practices;
- Acceptance and trust by healthcare professionals;
- Effective procurement processes.





#### **Patients and Consumers**

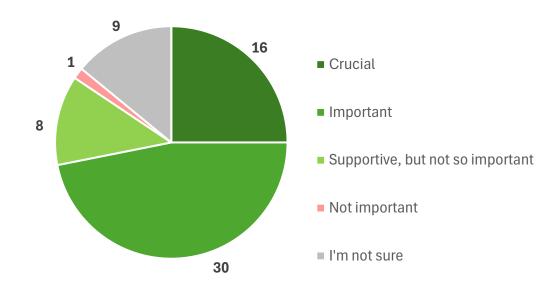
64 respondents







8. How important do you think is the impact of treatment guidelines published by clinical societies on biosimilars for the uptake of biosimilars in your country?





# 9. What factors contribute to make patients feel positive about taking a biosimilar? *Please rate the following elements from 1 to 5 with 5 being the best and 1 being the worst.*

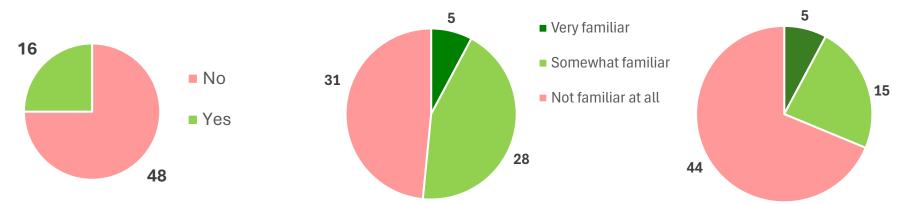
Patient organisations are positive about biosimilars. Other patients are positive about taking biosimilars. Biosimilars are less costly and this could contribute to offer... Biosimilars are less costly and this can contribute to the... The biosimilar is cheaper for the patient than the reference... Personal experience of the efficacy and safety of a biosimilar. The doctor or pharmacist explains that the biosimilar is as safe... The biosimilar is recommended by a doctor or pharmacist. The biosimilar is approved by EMA.







11. Do you think that the information on biosimilars provided by the national health authority of your country to patients or the general public is sufficient? 12. How familiar are you with the information on biosimilars published on the European Medicines Agency (EMA)'s website? 14. How familiar are you with the HMA-EMA joint statement on biosimilar interchangeability and the accompanying communication materials?



## **Biosimilar education needs**

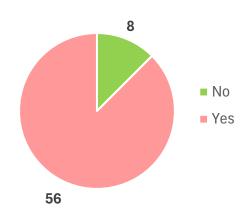


30

35

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16. Do you think patients in your therapeutic area(s) need more information about biosimilars? 16.1 If yes, on what topic(s) would you like to see additional information? Select one or more as relevant.



The reimbursement of biosimilars						
The availability of biosimilars						
Which biosimilars can be interchanged with						
The added value of biosimilars beyond price						
Immunogenicity (the ability of the medicine to						
How biosimilars are approved in the EU						
Biological medicines in general						
biological medicines in general						
Based on what data biosimilars are approved						
	0	5 1	0 1	5 2	0	25



- This survey reached a **heterogeneous group of patient representatives** from various countries from Europe with experience in various disease groups, forming a **trust-worthy patient sample**
- Throughout the survey, patients described the need for more information, and underlined that available and new information needs to be more patient-friendly
- The approval of biosimilars by EMA is indicated as important, yet the various information provided by EMA seems not to reach patients maximally.





#### HealthCare Professionals

148 respondents



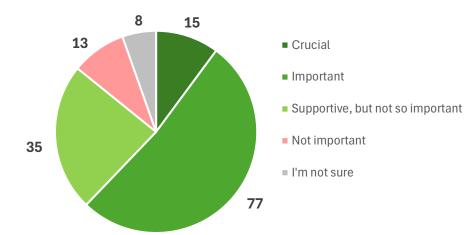


## Biosimilar knowledge

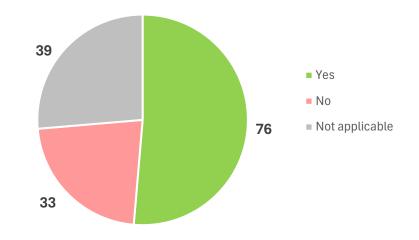


EUROPEAN MEDICINES AGENCY

7. How important are treatment guidelines published by clinical societies on biosimilars for the uptake of biosimilars in your country?

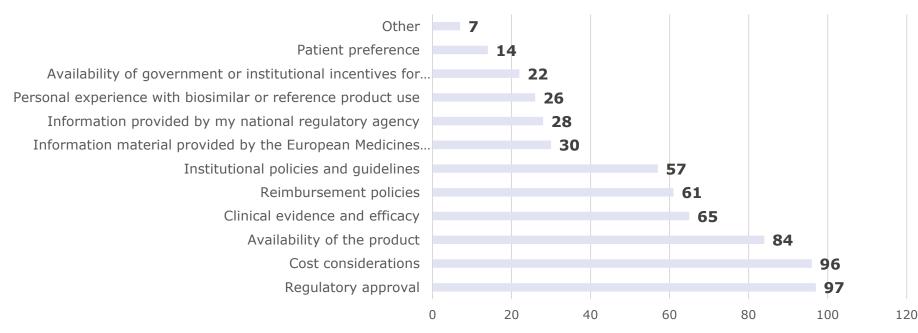


8. If you prescribe biologic medicines, do you interchange biosimilars and reference products?





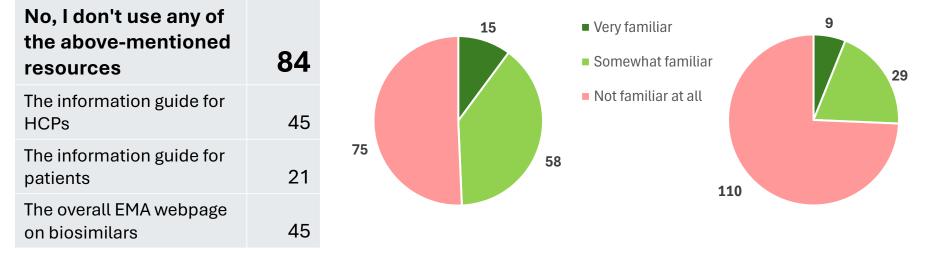
## 9. What factors influence your decision to prescribe / dispense a biosimilar over the reference product or vice versa? Select one or more as relevant.





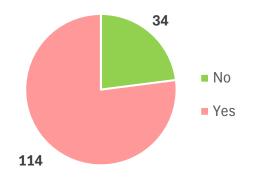


12. How familiar are you with the EMA statement on biosimilar interchangeability and the accompanying communication materials? 13. How familiar are you with the accompanying Q&A document?



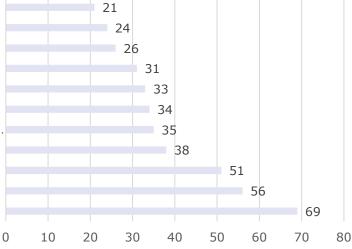


16. Do you believe there is a need for additional education or training for healthcare professionals on the use of biosimilars?



16.1 If yes, what specific topics do you think require more emphasis in education or training?

Multidisciplinary collaboration Patient-centric communication Legal and regulatory environment Pharmacovigilance practices Immunogenicity monitoring and verification Development programme of biosimilars Dose, application and device difference... Regulatory framework Switching studies and strategies Biological medicines in general Clinical data interpretation / real-world evidence





- This survey reached a heterogeneous group of healthcare professionals (HCP) from various countries across Europe. There was a slight overrepresentation of Italians – oncologists.
- HCPs expressed also the **need for more information**, especially on realworld evidence.
- EMA information channels are reaching only a subset of HCPs.



A full analysis of all stakeholder surveys will be carried out by EMA/HMA and recommendations for the toolkits will be prepared



With thanks to:

**HMA BSWG:** Esa Heinonen, Venke Skibeli, Bernard Duggan, Rene Anour **EMA:** Steffen Thirstrup, Juan Garcia, Florence Borrelly-Konyakhin, Kaisa Immonen

# Thank you for your attention

Further information

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Heads of Medicines Agencies: HMA Working Group of Biosimilars (BSWG)



## Back-up slides



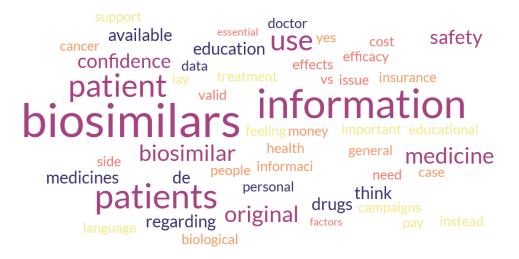


#### n=64

As a family member / informal carer to a patient	6	#country	Name	#participants
As a patient / person living with a chronic health condition	11	1	Austria	1
		2	Belgium	6
As a patient advocate not affiliated to a patient organisation	. 9	3	Bulgaria	2
As a patient advocate not affiliated to a patient organisation; As a patient	:/	4	Cyprus	2
person living with a chronic health condition	3	5	Czechia	1
As a representative of a patient organisation	22	6	Denmark	2
As a representative of a patient organisation; As a patient / person living	with	7	Estonia	1
a chronic health condition	13	8	Finland	2
	15	9	France	2
		10	Germany	6
therapeutic area(s) of interest		11	Greece	1
therapeutic alea(3) of interest		12	Ireland	8
Other 17		13	Italy	12
Ophthalmology (eye conditions) 2		14	Luxembourg	1
Gastroenterology (digestive system conditions)		15	Netherlands	4
Rheumatology (immune and inflammatory		16	Norway	2
		17	Poland	1
Dermatology (skin conditions)		18	Portugal	3
Endocrinology (hormone-related conditions) 12		19	Romania	1
Oncology (cancer) 14		20	Slovenia	1
Internal medicine (deals with a broad range of 20		21	Spain	5
0 5 10 15 20 25 21 PCWP-HCPWP meeting: Stakeholders' perceptions on biosimilars				
21 FCWF-FICE WF Theeting. Stakeholders perceptions on biosimilars	ince Agency			



10. Can you think of any other factor(s) that could make patients feel positive about taking a biosimilar? Do you have any further comments on patients' confidence in biosimilars?







### n=148

Community pharmacist	10
General practitioner/ family doctor	4
Hospital pharmacist	25
Medical specialist	105
Other	4

Years of Practice	
> 15 years	77
11-15 years	29
6-10 years	29
1-5 years	13

Dermatology	3
Internal medicine	8
Oncology	68
Ophthalmology	1
Other	23
Gynecology	1
hematology	7
Neuro oncologist	1
Neurologist - Neuro-oncologist	1
Neurology	1
Neurosurgery	1
Nuclear Medicine	2
Pulmonology and thoracic	
oncology	1
Radiation Oncology	2
Surgery	2
surgical oncology	1
thoracic oncology/pulmonology	1
Urology	2
Rheumatology	2

#### Austria n = 1482 Belgium Bulgaria 3 Croatia 4 Cyprus 5 Are you a prescriber? Czechia 6 No 39 7 Denmark Community pharmacist 10 Finland 8 General practitioner/ family doctor France 9 Hospital pharmacist 10 24 Germany 11 Greece Medical specialist Iceland 12 Other 3 13 Ireland Yes 109 14 Italy General practitioner/ family doctor 3 15 l atvia Hospital pharmacist 16 l ithuania 17 Netherlands Medical specialist 104 Poland 18 Other 19 Portugal

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19

Healthcare professional survey - Demographical data

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23

Romania

Slovenia

Spain

Slovak Republic