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PRESS RELEASE

Meeting highlights from the Paediatric Committee, 15-17 October 2008

Opinions on paediatric investigation plans

The Paediatric Committee (PDCO) adopted positive opinions on paediatric investigation plans (PIPs) for the following medicines:

- **Everolimus**, from Novartis Europharm Ltd, in the therapeutic area of oncology;
- **TGplPTH1-34 (Osteogenic Gel I-040302)**, from Kuros Biosurgery International AG, in the therapeutic area of endocrinology, gynaecology, fertility and metabolism;
- **AEB0713-(1H-indol-3-yl)-4-(2-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-4-quinazolinyl)-1H-pyrrole-2,5-dione acetate(1:1)**, from Novartis Europharm Ltd, in the therapeutic area of dermatology;
- **Alipogene tiparvovec**, from Amsterdam Molecular Therapeutics B.V., in the therapeutic area of cardiovascular diseases;
- **Human Normal Immunoglobulin**, from LFB Biotechnologies, in the therapeutic area of immunology and rheumatology;
- **Telbivudine**, from Novartis Europharm Limited, in the therapeutic area of gastroenterology;
- **Maraviroc**, from Pfizer, in the therapeutic area of infectious diseases;
- **Tigecycline**, from Wyeth Europa Limited, in the therapeutic area of infectious diseases.

The PDCO also adopted a negative opinion on a PIP for **sitagliptin phosphate monohydrate-metformin hydrochloride**, from Merck Sharp and Dohme Europe, in the therapeutic area of endocrinology, gynaecology, fertility and metabolism. The PDCO subsequently adopted on its own motion a positive opinion on full waiver for this medicine in all subsets of the paediatric population, on the grounds that the specific medicinal product does not represent a significant therapeutic benefit over existing treatments for paediatric patients.

A PIP sets out a programme for the development of a medicine in the paediatric population. The PIP aims to generate the necessary quality, safety and efficacy data through studies to support the authorisation of the medicine for use in children of all ages. These data have to be submitted to the EMEA as part of an application for a marketing authorisation for new medicinal products or products covered by a patent. In some cases, a PIP may include a waiver to study one or more age groups of children, or a deferral when it is appropriate to conduct studies in adults prior to initiating studies in the paediatric population, or when studies in the paediatric population would take longer to conduct than studies in adults.

Opinion on PIP modification

The PDCO adopted an opinion on the modification of an agreed PIP for **Clopidogrel**, from Sanofi Pharma Bristol-Myers Squibb SNC and from Bristol Myers Squibb Pharma EEIG, in the therapeutic area of cardiovascular diseases, following the adoption of the PDCO opinion on the original PIP during its April 2008 meeting.

Modifications to an agreed PIP can be requested by the applicant when the plan is no longer appropriate or there are difficulties that render the plan unworkable.

Opinions on product-specific waivers

The PDCO adopted positive opinions for product-specific waivers recommending that the obligation to submit data obtained through clinical studies with children be waived in all subsets of the paediatric population for the following medicines:

- **Lenalidomide**, from Celgene Europe Limited, in the therapeutic area of oncology;
- **Ibuprofen - diphenhydramine hydrochloride**, from Wyeth Consumer Healthcare, in the therapeutic area of pain;
- **H1N1, H3N2, and B vaccine**, from MedImmune, LLC, in the therapeutic area of vaccines;
- **Omega-3-acid (ethyl esters of eicosapentaenoic acid (EPA) - docosahexaenoic acid (DHA)) – simvastatin**, from Sigma-Tau SpA, in the therapeutic area of cardiology, endocrinology and metabolism.

Waivers can be issued if there is evidence showing that the medicinal product concerned is likely to be ineffective or unsafe in the paediatric population, or that the disease or condition targeted occurs only in adult populations, or that the medicinal product does not represent a significant therapeutic benefit over existing treatments for paediatric patients.

Guideline on neonates

The PDCO reviewed the comments made during the public consultation on the guideline on the investigation of medicinal products in preterm and term neonates. The guideline aims to provide guidance for the development of medicines for use in neonates. It is based on several concept papers released by the Paediatric Working Party (PEG) – the Agency's former expert working party on paediatric medicines, which addressed the impact of immaturity of different organ systems when investigating medicines in neonates.

Neonates represent a particularly vulnerable subgroup of the paediatric population. Whilst they account for a low percentage of the total use of medicines in childhood, up to 90% of medicines are used without a marketing authorisation or off-label in this population.

Interaction with experts

The PDCO continued its interaction with academic experts with a view to bring state-of-the-art knowledge to the PDCO scientific discussions in the area of pulmonary arterial hypertension in children, paediatric rheumatology and anti-infectives.

The next meeting of the PDCO will be held on 12-14 November 2008.

-- ENDS --

Notes:

1. PDCO opinions on PIPs and waivers are transformed into EMEA decisions within the timeframe laid down by the Paediatric Regulation (Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006, as amended). The decisions can be found on the EMEA website at: <http://www.emea.europa.eu/htms/human/paediatrics/decisions.htm>
2. As of 26 July 2008, pharmaceutical companies who submit an application for a marketing authorisation for a medicine have to provide either the results of studies in children conducted in accordance with an approved PIP or an EMEA decision on a waiver or on a deferral. This will apply from 26 January 2009 for medicines that are already authorised and for which a company is submitting an application for an extension of indication.
3. More information about the PDCO and the Paediatric Regulation is available in the '[Medicines for children](#)' section of the EMEA website.
4. This press release, together with other information on the work of the EMEA, can be found on the EMEA website: <http://www.emea.europa.eu>

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OVERVIEW OF PAEDIATRIC INVESTIGATION PLAN/WAIVER APPLICATIONS

	2007 (August to December)	2008 (January to October)	Cumulative Total
Total number of validated PIP / waiver applications	85	225¹	310²
Applications submitted for a product not yet authorised (<i>Article 7³</i>)	39	160	199 (64%)
Applications submitted for a product already authorised still under patent in view of a submission of a variation/extension for a new indication, pharmaceutical form or route of administration (<i>Article 8</i>)	45	59	104 (34%)
Applications submitted for an off-patent product developed specifically for children with an age-appropriate formulation (<i>Article 30</i>)	1	6	7 (2%)
PIPs and full waiver indications covered by these applications	202	333	535

Number of Paediatric Committee (PDCO) opinions	2007	2008	Cumulative Total
Positive on full waiver	10	37	47
Positive on PIPs including potential deferral	2	70	72
Negative opinions adopted	0	2	2
Positive opinions adopted on modification of the PIP	0	5	5
Positive opinion on compliance with PIP	0	4	4

¹ Figures including 16 October 2008 start of procedure.

² Of which 72 are requests for full waiver.

³ Applications submitted in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006, as amended.

Areas covered by PIPs/waiver applications:	2007 %	2008 %
Neurology	12	4
Uro-nephrology	-	4
Gastroenterology-hepatology	9	3
Pneumology-allergology	8	6
Infectious diseases	12	8
Cardiovascular diseases	12	12
Diagnostics	-	1
Endocrinology-gynaecology-fertility-metabolism	19	16
Neonatology-paediatric intensive care	-	1
Immunology-rheumatology-transplantation	5	7
Psychiatry	5	3
Pain	1	3
Haematology-haemostaseology	1	5
Otorhinolaryngology	-	-
Oncology	11	12
Dermatology	1	3
Vaccines	2	7
Ophthalmology	1	3
Anaesthesiology	-	1
Nutrition	1	1